

Key to

REFLECTION OF GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION

8



PROGRESS PUBLISHERS

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1. NOUNS

Page 5

- A.** 1. Collective noun 2. Proper noun 3. Common noun
4. Abstract noun 5. Collective noun 6. Proper noun
7. Collective noun 8. Abstract noun 9. Proper noun
10. Abstract noun 11. Proper noun 12. Common noun
- B.** 1. cards 2. players 3. dancers
4. keys 5. birds 6. trucks
7. books 8. sailors 9. flies

Page 6

- A.** 1. kindness 2. cheerfulness 3. freedom
4. sweetness 5. generousness 6. perfection
7. creation 8. laughter 9. supervision
10. refusal
- B.** 1. achievement 2. curiosity 3. braveness
4. darkness 5. foundation

Page 7

- A.** 1. A child without education is like a bird without wings.
2. Would you like to have a cup of coffee?
3. Instrumental music was playing on the radio.
4. Freshly baked bread has been made by the chef.
5. Scientists say that environmental pollution affects everybody.
- B.** 1. The **lioness** chased the **vixen**.
2. My **uncle** has just returned from abroad.
3. The **headmistress** awarded the **girl**.
4. The **actor** was wearing a beautiful costume.
5. The traffic **policewoman** de-congested the road.

Page 8

- 1. Subjective case 2. Subjective case 3. Possessive case
- 4. Vocative case 5. Objective case 6. Dative case
- 7. Subjective case

2. PRONOUNS

Page 10

- A.** 1. He plays badminton in our academy. Subjective case
2. She works in the Microsoft company. Subjective case
3. We must be thankful to the Most High. Subjective case
4. Ask them to reach here before dusk. Objective case
5. My friend saw her in the park today. Objective case
6. Uncle gifted him a toy robot on his birthday. Objective case
7. His new laptop has more advanced features than mine. Possessive case
8. Their house is almost opposite ours. Possessive case
- B.** 1. These 2. that 3. this
4. those 5. Those

Page 12

- A.** 1. What 2. Who 3. Whom
4. Which 5. Whose
- B.** 1. Athletes who practise every day are more likely to win.
2. The clown whose antics amused everyone was a kind man.
3. The girl whom everybody is appreciating is an old friend of mine.
4. We finally visited the restaurant that had such great reviews.
5. The lion preyed upon the deer which was drinking water from the stream.

Page 13

- A.** 1. herself 2. ourselves 3. themselves
4. himself 5. herself 6. itself
- B.** 1. Nothing 2. Everyone 3. anything
4. any 5. All 6. Anybody
7. Somebody 8. Nobody

3. DETERMINERS

Page 14

- 1. an, Indefinite determiner 2. What, Interrogative determiner
- 3. a, Indefinite determiner 4. that, Demonstrative determiner
- 5. Every, Distributive determiner 6. the, Definite determiner
- 7. its, Possessive determiner 8. Some, Quantifier determiner
- 9. Each, Distributive determiner 10. first, Numeral determiner

Page 18

- A.** 1. the 2. the 3. the, an
4. a 5. the 6. An, a
7. a, a, a 8. The
- B.** 1. The Nile is the longest river in the world.
2. Let us wait here until the rain stops.
3. A fisherman found a big fish in the middle of the lake.
4. My uncle is an honorary member of the sports club.
5. An Ocean is a home to millions of plant and animal species.
6. I had an apple, a glass of milk and a slice of bread in the breakfast.
7. It is always good to have a backup of your computer data.
8. We saw a movie last night. The movie was about the value of freedom.

Page 20

- A.** 1. a few 2. Those 3. Every
4. Which 5. its 6. first
- B.** 1. Neither, its 2. These, my 3. her, its
4. Those, these 5. A lot of, enough
- C.** 1. Napoleon Bonaparte was a French general and Emperor of X France. Once Napoleon invaded Austria. His army had to cross a narrow bridge in order to enter the enemy's territory. The army became a bit nervous because their enemy had started firing on the other side of the bridge. Even the Napoleon's Commander was reluctant to proceed, for he too feared that they would be caught in a line of X fire. Sensing the indecisiveness of the Commander, he snatched the flag from him and started running on the narrow bridge. He yelled, 'Come on, my men; let us conquer our enemy!' On hearing this battle cry, the troops were spurred to action and followed their leader. They safely crossed the narrow bridge and conquered the region.

Within each one of us lies hidden X unlimited potential. All we need to do is unleash it.

4. ADJECTIVES

Page 21

- 1. marsupial 2. Bactrian 3. Asian
4. Siberian 5. Indian 6. beautiful
7. modern 8. spectacular

Page 23

- A.** 1. Predicative 2. Attributive 3. Predicative
4. Attributive 5. Attributive 6. Predicative
7. Predicative 8. Predicative 9. Attributive
10. Attributive

- B.** 1. dauntless 2. delicious 3. legible
 4. soothing 5. desperate 6. fiery
 7. white 8. thorny 9. melodious
 10. systematic 11. fruitful 12. salted

- C.** 1. A tiny round rubber ball
 2. A pair of black Italian leather shoes
 3. A digital round Swiss metallic watch
 4. A nice comfortable Indian armchair
 5. A new red Banarasi silk saree
 6. A robotic German cleaning machine

Page 24

- A.** 1. metallic 2. circular 3. talkative
 4. enjoyable 5. manageable 6. weakish
 6. whitish 7. excessive
- B.** 1. wholesome 2. guilty 3. punishable
 4. delightful 5. digestive 6. wooden
 6. Corrective 7. Timely 9. artistic
 10. remarkable

5. COMPARISON: ADJECTIVES

Page 26

- 1. Blood is thicker than water.
- 2. Water lily is the most beautiful flower.
- 3. Australia is a smaller continent than Asia.
- 4. The hippopotamus is a heavy land animal.
- 5. A wise enemy is better than a foolish friend.
- 6. Learning Japanese is more difficult than learning French.
- 7. The Great Wall of China is the longest wall in the world.
- 8. The wandering albatross is the largest seabird in the world.

• **Model 1:**

1. Comparative: Jesus Christ was greater than any other teacher ever lived.
Positive: No other teacher was as good as Jesus Christ.
2. Superlative: Mercury is the smallest planet.
Positive: No other planet is as small as mercury.
3. Comparative: Spring is more pleasant than any other season.
Superlative: Spring is the most pleasant season.

Model 2:

1. Positive: Few metals are as costly as Gold.
Comparative: Gold is costlier than most of the metals.
2. Comparative: Peter is more intelligent than most of the boys.
Superlative: Peter is one of the most intelligent boys.
3. Positive: Few kings were as great as Ashoka.
Superlative: Ashoka was one of the greatest kings.

Model 3:

1. Comparative: An Apple is sweeter than an orange.
2. Positive: Chennai is not so cool as Bengaluru.
3. Comparative: A sailfish is faster than a dolphin.
4. Positive: A computer is not so intelligent as a human brain.

6. MAIN VERBS

- A.**
- | | |
|--|-------------------|
| 1. The child <u>woke</u> up suddenly. | Intransitive verb |
| 2. The dog <u>barks</u> at the stranger. | Transitive verb |
| 3. The bird <u>glided</u> down smoothly. | Intransitive verb |
| 4. The Metro train <u>stopped</u> abruptly. | Intransitive verb |
| 5. The shopping mall <u>opens</u> at 10 a.m. | Intransitive verb |

6. She waters the plants every morning. Transitive verb
7. I received the parcel in the afternoon. Transitive verb
8. The leaves were moving in the breeze. Intransitive verb
9. Wash your hands before and after meals. Transitive verb
10. He injured his knee while playing football. Transitive verb
- B.** 1. Monotransitive 2. Ditransitive 3. Monotransitive
 4. Ditransitive 5. Ditransitive 6. Monotransitive
 7. Ditransitive 8. Ditransitive 9. Ditransitive
 10. Ditransitive
- C.** 2. Transitivity : Close the door.
 Intransitively : The shop closes at 10 p.m.
 3. Transitivity : He is learning to fly kites.
 Intransitively : Birds fly in the sky.

7. AUXILIARY VERBS

Page 32

- 1. has 2. is 3. am
- 4. do 5. did 6. was
- 7. are 8. have 9. had
- 10. does

Page 33

- 2. primary auxiliary verb 3. main verb
- 4. main verb 5. main verb
- 6. main verb 7. primary auxiliary verb
- 8. main verb 9. main verb
- 10. main verb 11. primary auxiliary verb
- 12. primary auxiliary verb

Page 35

- 1. must 2. can 3. May
- 4. shall 5. must 6. Could

- | | | |
|-------------|--------------|------------|
| 7. dare | 8. used to | 9. have to |
| 10. dare to | 11. need not | 12. should |
| 13. would | | |

8. VERBS – FINITE AND NON-FINITE

Page 37

- | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| • 1. non-finite | 2. finite | 3. non-finite |
| 4. finite | 5. non-finite | 6. non-finite |
| 7. finite | 8. finite | 9. finite |
| 10. finite | | |

Page 38

- | | | |
|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| • 1. to hurt | 2. go | 3. to buy |
| 4. buy | 5. Helping | 6. sleep |
| 7. Respecting | 8. solve | 9. to agree |
| 10. wait | 11. Drinking | |

Page 40

- A.**
- | | | |
|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. thundering | 2. Tired | 3. Harvested |
| 4. extracted | 5. Standing | 6. Walking |
| 7. waiting | | |
- B.**
- Knowing the answer Abhay raised his hand.
 - Irritated by the discussion, he walked out.
 - Having arrived late, Peter found the hostel gate locked.
 - Singing the National Anthem, the choir sounded beautiful.
 - Having opened the bookshelf, teacher took out the dictionary.
 - Having placed in the orbit, the satellite started sending signals.
 - Seeing the policeman approaching the thief took to his heels.

Page 41

- | | | |
|--------------|------------|--------------|
| • 1. Abusing | 2. Writing | 3. Preaching |
| 4. dancing | 5. Cooking | 6. Eating |

- | | | |
|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| 7. hearing | 8. chirping | 9. teaching |
| 10. listening | 11. Boiling | 12. Borrowing |

9. VERB TENSES

Page 44

- A.** 1. watch 2. freezes 3. is increasing
4. has left 5. has been completing
- B.** 1. She has taught in the Convent school.
2. She has been writing a biography since few days.
3. The orthopaedic doctor examines the patient's fracture.
4. The army is marching towards the India Gate.

Page 46

- A.** 1. built 2. was wrapping 3. went
4. finished 5. was speaking 6. had enjoyed
7. learned 8. had been ploughing
- B.** 1. The child had eaten all the chocolates.
2. She was cooking delicious food last night.
3. Children had watched TV throughout the afternoon.
4. We sipped tea & enjoyed our weekend.
5. We had been playing Jenga for an hour when uncle arrived.
6. I was taking a shower when the bell rang.
7. He had been taking tea when I went to his house.
8. I was driving for an hour when I heard a sound in the engine.

Page 48

- A.** 1. will give 2. shall be swimming
3. will be watching 4. will have been working
5. will be arriving 6. will make
7. shall shift 8. will be discovering

- B.** 1. He will be opting for science stream after class 10.
2. The parcel will have arrived by 6.00 pm this evening.
3. Indian astronauts will be landing on the Moon.
4. We shall enjoy at the beach next Sunday.
5. I shall travel in the Vande Bharat Express tomorrow.
6. By the end of this month, I shall have learned music for six months.
7. The class coordinator will have been arranging all the necessary materials before the function begins.
8. Players will have been practicing at the nets before the match starts.

10. SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

Page 51

- A.** 1. are 2. is 3. have
4. is 5. has 6. has
7. are 8. is 9. shed
10. was 11. was 12. has
13. is 14. resemble 15. are
16. are 17. has

Page 52

- B.** 1. No news is good news.
2. Time and tide wait for none.
3. Every creation of God is unique.
4. Few people are selfless by nature.
5. Everybody's business is nobody's business.
6. The congregation was waiting for the priest.
7. A fleet of ships was sailing across the vast ocean.
8. The blue whale is the largest animal on the Earth.
9. The sun, the moon, planets, and stars are celestial bodies.

10. One of the students in my class is a good athlete.
11. 'War and Peace' is a popular novel written by Leo Tolstoy.
12. Shakespeare was one of the greatest playwrights that has ever lived.
13. Some of my friends were organizing the farewell party for Mrs Pinto.
14. My uncle, as well as the members of his family, has settled in London.
15. Cutlery includes knives, forks, and spoons used for eating or serving food.

11. ACTIVE AND PASSIVE VOICE

Page 55

- A.**
- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Passive voice | 2. Passive voice | 3. Active voice |
| 4. Active voice | 5. Passive voice | 6. Active voice |
| 7. Passive voice | 8. Active voice | |

- B.**
1. The car can be repaired by the mechanic.
 2. The snatcher have been arrested by the Police.
 3. An encyclopedia was given to me by my mother.
 4. You will be cared by the crew members.
 5. The order will have been passed by the committee.
 6. The prizes are being distributed by the chief guest.
 7. The food is being prepared by the chefs in the kitchen.
 8. The students were given assignment by the teacher.
 9. Our lives has been completely changed by the internet.
 10. The luggage has been carried to the room by the porter.

Page 56

- 1. Let the fan be switched on.
- 2. Let animals not be teased.
- 3. Let the traffic rules be obeyed.
- 4. Let the weak not be troubled.

5. You are requested not to disturb me.
6. You are requested to lend me your pen.
7. Let the classroom not be littered.
8. Let him be directed to the post office.
9. You are requested to speak slowly and politely.
10. You are requested to inform her about the event.
11. Let your dealings be always honest.
12. Let the garbage be thrown into the dustbin.

Page 57

- 1. What was done by you there?
- 2. Were the sums worked out by them?
- 3. Can this disease be cured by a doctor?
- 4. Has the shoes been mended by the cobbler?
- 5. Will the new lesson be taught by the teacher?
- 6. Were you helped in the household chores by her?
- 7. Had the statue of equality been visited by you?
- 8. By whom was the Noble Peace Prize won last year?

Page 58

- 1. I had written a new book.
- 2. The servant will have cleaned the room.
- 3. The maid had mopped the floor nicely.
- 4. The operator will typeset the book.
- 5. A bridge was built across the river.

12. ADVERBS

Page 61

- 1. everywhere Adverb of place
- 2. again Adverb of frequency
- 3. why Relative adverb
- 4. When Interrogative adverb

5. surely	Adverb of affirmation
6. just	Adverb of focus
7. enough	Adverb of degree
8. tomorrow	Adverb of time
9. therefore	Adverb of reason
10. majestically	Adverb of manner

Page 62

- | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| A. 1. Honestly | 2. Clearly | 3. Melodiously |
| 4. Necessarily | 5. Hungrily | 6. Incredibly |
| 7. Suitably | 8. Economically | 9. Artistically |
| B. 1. mechanically | 2. comfortably | 3. gently |
| 4. scientifically | 5. energetically | 6. surprising |

Page 64

- A.** 1. The teacher gives a quiz almost daily.
 2. Meteors are often seen falling from the sky.
 3. I shall definitely join them in their house-warming party.
 4. The Marine pilot safely steered the ship through the storm.
 5. Yesterday, we saw an orchestra performing beautifully on the stage.
- B.** 1. I often see birds nesting in this tree.
 2. My friend play the guitar very well.
 3. We should never indulge in bad company.
 4. They are always helpful towards their neighbours.
 5. The magician performed marvellously in the magic show.
 6. Aeroplanes did fly-past majestically at Republic Day Parade.

13. PREPOSITIONS

Page 65

- | | | | |
|-------------|------------|---------------|-----------|
| • 1. except | 2. on | 3. out | 4. in |
| 5. Besides | 6. between | 8. from, till | 8. to, by |

Page 66

- A.** 1. for the sake of 2. instead of 3. by way of
4. in place of 5. With respect to 6. in order to
- B.** 2. in accordance with the law
3. in spite of the mist
4. with regard to his extra contribution at work
5. in view of your behaviour
6. by means of words

14. CONJUNCTIONS

Page 67

- 1. yet 2. otherwise 3. or
4. and 5. while 6. but
7. so 8. for

Page 68

- 1. wherever 2. while 3. Even though
4. because 5. after 6. since
7. until 8. before 9. when

Page 69

- 1. The weather is both cold and hot.
2. Shakespeare was both a playwright and an actor.
3. The child spoke not only fluently but also clearly.
4. No sooner the thief saw the policeman than he ran away at once.
5. Either you can travel by train or by an aeroplane.
6. He is neither to be blamed nor to be held responsible.
7. Both my brother and sister run 2 km every day.

15. PHRASES AND CLAUSES

Page 71

- A.** 1. Noun phrase 2. Adjective phrase 3. Adverb phrase
4. Noun phrase 5. Adverb phrase 6. Noun phrase
7. Noun phrase 8. Noun phrase 9. Noun phrase
10. Adverb phrase

- B.** 1. All is well (that ends well).
2. Learn to walk (before you run).
3. (If one door shuts) another opens.
4. Do not bite the hand (that feeds you).
5. (If winter comes) can spring be far behind?
6. (If you scratch my back) I will scratch yours.
7. (When the going gets tough) the tough get going.
8. Hope for the best (but be prepared for that worst).
9. Never put off until tomorrow (what you can do today).
10. A ship in harbour is safe, (but that is not what a ship is for).

Page 74

- A.** 1. To become a pilot is (what I dream of).
2. (What the preacher had said) was inspiring.
3. (That he is an honest man) is accepted by all.
4. The old man knew (where the treasure was kept).
5. Anne promised (that he would be on time for the party).
6. We were surprised at (how the magician performed tricks).
7. Our health depends on (how well we take care of ourselves).
8. Intelligence quotient is (what measures someone's brainpower).
9. Everybody desires to know (how the universe came into being).
10. She wants to know (why the moon changes its shape every night).

- B.** 1. that wears the crown
 2. who designs buildings
 3. that give you the meanings of words
 4. who invented the computer
 5. which supports life
 6. which resembles a human body in shape
- C.** 1. As you sow, so shall you reap. Result
 2. Where there is a will, there is a way. Place
 3. I was not at home when he came to see me. Time
 4. It rained so hard that the streets were flooded. Purpose
 5. Put on warm clothes lest you should catch a cold. Result
 6. As he was not there, I left a message with his mother. Cause
 7. If he speaks the truth, he will not get into trouble. Condition
 8. Although I have never met him, I feel as if I know him. Contrast

16. THE SENTENCES

Page 76

- | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------|
| • 1. Interrogative | 2. Exclamatory | 3. Imperative |
| 4. Interrogative | 5. Assertive | 6. Assertive |
| 7. Imperative | 8. Interrogative | 9. Exclamatory |
| 10. Assertive | | |

Page 78

- | | | |
|-------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. simple | 2. complex | 3. compound |
| 4. compound | 5. complex | 6. complex |

Page 79

- A.** 1. Helping the needy is your duty.
 2. She works hard to pass the test.
 3. I saw the cat, chasing a rat.
 4. Completing his homework, Vinay went out to play.

- B.** 1. She got the first position and was applauded.
2. It was hot so we decided to stay home.
3. Rajan bought a ticket and entered the hall.
4. The giraffe is tall but the deer is short.
- C.** 1. I have a pet dog which is very playful.
2. Everybody believes that good education is essential for success in life.
3. Mother went to the market because she wanted to buy fruits & vegetables.
4. Do you know why he did not come to the yoga class today?

Page 80

- 1. The boy was diligent, so the teacher praised him.
- 2. The masons finished their work for the day and they went home.
- 3. The weather was very bad but the climbers succeeded in conquering Mt. Everest.
- 4. I left the bed because I heard the noise.
- 5. Getting up, he walked away.
- 6. Being ill, she did not attend the school.
- 7. Climbing up the tree, he plucked some mangoes.
- 8. Being driven by rain, he took shelter under a tree.

Page 81

- 1. It is never too late that it cannot be mended.
- 2. I am responsible for what I do.
- 3. I still remember the joys that I experienced in my childhood.
- 4. He is working day and night because he wants to improve his prospects.
- 5. Although there is inflation, the standards of living has gone up.
- 6. We eat to live.
- 7. In spite of being rich, he is hard working.

8. A wounded tiger is very fierce.
9. Finding out his mistake, he felt sorry.
10. The boy in the blue shirt is our Captain.

Page 82

- 1. Everybody knows that man is mortal.
- 2. Even though they lost the match they were not disgraced.
- 3. You will be punished if you do not speak the truth.
- 4. You cannot vote if you are not 18 years old.
- 5. When we finished our work for the day, we left the office.
- 6. The rain stopped and we started the journey.
- 7. I have a friend and he/she is a writer.
- 8. You need to hurry or you will miss the bus.
- 9. He was careless, so he could not win the scholarship.
- 10. The children started clapping for the clown has entered the circus ring.

17. CONDITIONAL SENTENCES

Page 84

- 1. Zero conditional 2. First conditional 3. Third conditional
- 4. Zero conditional 5. Third conditional 6. Zero conditional
- 7. Second conditional 8. First conditional 9. Third conditional
- 10. First conditional 11. Second conditional 12. Third conditional

18. DIRECT AND INDIRECT SPEECH

Page 88

- 1. The victim said that nobody came to help him.
- 2. Maria said that she had forgotten to lock the door.
- 3. Mother told the child that it made her feel proud.
- 4. My friend told me that he was trying to contact me.

5. Father told me that he would take me to the zoo the next day.
6. The teacher told the students that the Sun gives us heat and light.
7. Simran told Rohit that they should raise some money for the flood victims.
8. The Principal told me that I might bring all my certificates on Monday.
9. Jim told Della that they should put their Christmas presents away for a while.

Page 89

- 1. Rhea asked Sara when does her birthday fall.
- 2. Vinay asked Zoya if she could do him a small favour.
- 3. The child asked mother where they were going during vacation.
- 4. Sam asked me if I saw the movie last night.
- 5. The passenger asked the driver how far was Delhi from there.
- 6. Chander asked the librarian whether he might borrow that book.
- 7. Father asked me how much money did I need for school picnic.
- 8. My aunt asked me if I would come over for supper.
- 9. The student asked the teacher why do animals hibernate in winter.
- 10. I asked my friends whether they were going to the music concert that night.

Page 91

- 1. He suggested to me that we should be quiet.
- 2. She requested her mother to wait there till she return.
- 3. I suggested to my sister that we should go to play in the park.
- 4. The policeman ordered the driver to show him his licence.
- 5. The master preached his followers to watch and pray.
- 6. The investigator proposed that he/she should look into the matter.
- 7. The examiner commanded to write fast and not to waste our time.

8. Father proposed me that he would tell me a trick to solve that problem.
9. Mother ordered the child to dress up properly before going anywhere.
10. The manager ordered the accountant to deposit the cheque in the bank.

Page 92

- 1. Anu exclaimed with sorrow to me that she had lost her purse.
- 2. The fox exclaimed with joy that how clever he is.
- 3. Gaurav exclaimed with admiration that how nice the shirt is.
- 4. Jiya exclaimed with grief to Diya that her pet puppy was no more.
- 5. Rohan exclaimed with joy to Mohan that his kite was high up in the air.
- 6. The spectators exclaimed with admiration that it was an interesting movie.
- 7. The student exclaimed with regret that he forgot to bring his/ her notebook.
- 8. The team exclaimed with joy that they had reached the finals.
- 9. Grandmother wished graciously to me that may the Almighty be with me always.
- 10. The teacher appreciated the student that he/she should keep up the good work.

Page 93

- 1. She said to the shopkeeper, 'How much is the price of the storybook?'
- 1. Tanvi said, 'Hurrah! I have won the competition'.
- 2. Shelly said to Chitra, 'Are you going to school tomorrow?'
- 3. The doctor said to the patient, 'The tonic will make you feel better.'

5. Jesus said to Peter, 'He who takes up a sword would perish by the sword'.
6. The postmaster said to the postman, 'Sort all the incoming letters by noon.'
7. The President said to the citizens, 'Do not fight in the name of caste and community'.

19. PUNCTUATION - THE RULES!

Page 96

- A.** A lion was roaring his way across the jungle when he saw a wild fox. He roared, 'Who is the king of the jungle?' 'You are,' screamed the fox. The lion went on his way and met a deer. He roared, 'Who is the king of the jungle?' 'You are,' answered the deer. Once more, the lion went on his way. He came upon an elephant. He roared, 'Who is the king of the jungle?' The elephant picked the lion up with his trunk, swung him round and threw him to the ground. The lion picked himself up, 'All right! All right!' he said, 'There's no need to get mad because you don't know the answer.'
- B.**
1. All's well that ends well.
 2. Two-thirds of the Earth's surface is covered with water.
 3. Thomas Edison said, 'A genius is one per cent inspiration and ninety-nine percent perspiration.'
 4. The teacher said to Sushant, 'How does air get polluted?'
 5. I wasn't exactly afraid; I was just worried for your sake.
 6. I wandered lonely as a cloud,
That floats on high over vales and hills,
When all at once I saw a crowd,
A host, of golden daffodils;

20. VOCABULARY

Page 98

- A.** 1. ceiling 2. steel 3. cast
4. break 5. buy 6. altar
7. tale 8. gait 9. bare
10. great
- B.** 1. Add, ad 2. rode, road 3. hour, our
4. allowed, aloud 5. four, for
- C.** 1. Cardinal number 2 **Two** wrongs don't make a right.
in addition Blue is my favourite colour but I like red **too**.
2. Past of eat I **ate** a nutritious breakfast.
Cardinal number 8 The shop shuts at **eight** o'clock in the evening.
3. Having no companions It is better to be **lone** than in a bad company.
A thing that is borrowed Many government schemes provide **loan** for startup business.
4. Voting The country will go to the **polls** in June.
A long, slender piece A black crow perched on the telephone **pole**.
of wood and metal
5. Require All living thing **need** water.
to press and squeeze To prepare the bread, you must **knead** the dough first.
a mixture

Page 100

- A.** 1. remain 2. shiny 3. gift
4. achievement 5. cheerful
- B.** 1. failure, success 2. narrow, broad
3. Prosperity, adversity 4. hot, cold
5. spend, earn 6. calm, stormy 7. conflict, peace
8. domestic, wild 9. Fake, real 10. outside, inside

21. PHRASAL VERBS

Page 102

- A.** 1. Look forward to 2. bring about 3. ran into
4. care for 5. look down on 6. live by
7. vote in 8. trying out 9. map out
10. turned up 11. take out 12. polish up
13. give up 14. track down
- B.** 2. The thief got away (a) with the stolen articles.
3. I have brought back (g) the book to the library
4. The enemy troops fell back (e) as they could not face ours.
5. Anil broke up with (d) his bosom friend.
6. Leela called on Sheila (h) when she was in Dubai.
7. He often goes without (c) a proper breakfast.
8. Everyday, at eight, we all sit down (f) to have dinner together.
9. Many people bring up their children (i) to be well mannered.
10. I ran up against my friend (j) on my way back home.

22. FIGURES OF SPEECH

Page 105

- A.** 1. metaphor 2. hyperbole 3. personification
4. alliteration 5. antithesis 6. simile
7. oxymoron
- B.** 1. Simile 2. Metaphor 3. Personification
4. Hyperbole 5. Euphemism 6. Epigram
7. Antithesis 8. Irony 9. Oxymoron
10. Alliteration 11. Pun

23. IDIOMS

Page 107

- A.** 1. a drop in the ocean 2. bone of contention
3. from pillar to post 4. to show the white feather
5. man in the street 6. put their shoulders to the wheel
- B.** 1. Stop being silly and **act your age!**
2. My best friend has supported me **through thick & thin.**
3. We must not **lose sight of** our original aim.
4. The increase in oil prices could **bring the economy to its knees.**
5. An artist with the right technology can become **a jack of all trades.**
6. There has been a great **hue and cry** about the council's plan to close the school.
7. The tree fell of **on its own accord.**
8. Sudden demise of the singer was **hard to swallow.**
9. I was surprised when he came up with a decision, he usually just **sits on the fence.**
10. The private sector **had a hand in** designing the new highway.

24. PROVERBS

Page 109

- A.** 2. Forgive and forget.
(c) Stop being angry with someone for something he/she has done.
3. Once bitten, twice shy.
(b) Frightened to do something again because you had an unpleasant experience.
4. Necessity is the mother of invention.
(a) If you really need to do something, you will think of a way of doing it.
5. Rome was not built in a day.
(f) Time is needed to do great or important things.

6. Beauty is in the eye of the beholder.

(e) What one person finds beautiful may not be beautiful for another.

B. 1. A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

2. Easy come, easy go.

3. The best things in life are free.

4. Do not bite off more than one can chew.

COMPOSITION

DO IT YOURSELF.

35. INTERACTIVE ENGLISH

Page 132

- 1. A traveller begged / tree for shade. The tree provided it. Then, the traveller felt like staying / the tree. He thought a plan / build a house near it. He needed wood / his house. His eyes fell on the wood / the tree. He looked for an axe to cut the wood. He begged / tree for the wood / the handle of his axe. The tree immediately gave it. Then, / made the axe. Slowly / steadily, he cut the whole tree and made / wooden house for himself. But when the house / built, the traveller felt lonely and hot. He had / leave the place.
 - a. a
 - b. under
 - c. to
 - d. for
 - e. on
 - f. the
 - g. to make
 - h. he
 - i. and
 - j. the
 - k. was
 - l. to
- 2. A penguin is / aquatic flightless bird. It is the only bird that can swim / cannot fly. It has webbed feet and flipper-like wings / help it to
 - a. an
 - b. but
 - c. that

swim underwater. It is mainly found / extremely	d. in
cold places like Antarctica. It has / very thick	e. a
skin on its body to protect it / cold. It also	f. from
has a blubber that acts / a waterproof shield.	g. as
It has a black body / white belly. It serves as	h. and
a protective counter-shading that helps it / hide	i. to
from predators. A penguin has / upright stance	j. an
and tends to waddle, hop, or run / land. It can	k. on
travel long distances quickly / sliding across the	l. by
ice on its belly and pushing forward / its feet.	m. on

Page 133

- 1. The existence of a diverse variety in plants, animals and other living organisms was known as biodiversity. Biodiversity are important for maintaining harmany with Nature. Each species, however small, make an important contribution to the ecosystem. Biodiversity provides us for food, fuel, clean air, water, or vital products on which our very life depends. The rich the diversity of life at a place, a greater is the opportunity for economic development, medical discoveries, and adaptations for new challenges, such for climate change.

a. of
b. is
c. is
d. harmony
e. makes
f. with
g. and
h. richer
i. the
j. opportunity
k. of
l. as

- 2. 'All work and no play make Jack a dull boy'. This proverb shows how importance sports and games are in our life. Sports and games improves our health. Unless we are healthy, they cannot study or do any other kind in work. As we run and play, our body gets exercise and becomes health. Sports

a. makes
b. important
c. improve
d. we
e. of
f. healthy

and games bring <u>people</u> closer to one another.	g. people
As the members of a team play together, <u>he</u>	h. they
develop team spirit <u>or</u> a feeling of oneness.	i. and
Children should be <u>encourage</u> to participate in	j. encouraged
sports and games so that they may <u>stayed</u> hale	k. stay
and hearty and develop a <u>false</u> sporting spirit.	l. true

Page 134

- 2. An obedient child is the joy of his parents.
- 3. A servant is known by his master's absence.
- 4. An honest man is the noblest work of God.
- 5. Behaviour is the touchstone of a person's character.
- 6. The human body is composed of millions of cells.
- 7. Clouds are made up of tiny droplets of water.
- 8. We should spare no effort to beautify our environment.
- 9. An activity tracker records a person's daily physical activity.
- 10. Money once lost can be regained but time once lost is lost forever.